

Wavin

Product Installation Guide

SUPERPEX

Potable Piping System

Designed Especially for Contractors



An Orbia business.



Important Notice

The information in this manual was gathered from publicly available sources, including reports of tests conducted by various independent entities under the test conditions specified in the standards listed.

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No product or system should be used or installed without first reviewing all applicable plumbing or building code provisions and the manufacturer's installation instructions. Local code authorities and the product or system manufacturer should be consulted with respect to unresolved questions or uncertainties.



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Limitations on Pipe use

- ⓘ Do not use in any application where pipe will be exposed to direct sunlight. Store pipe under cover prior to installation where it will not be exposed to direct sunlight.
- ⓘ Do not use in applications where service conditions are inconsistent with the temperature or pressure ratings of the tubing.
- ⓘ Do not allow the tubing or fittings to come into contact with materials that could affect the integrity of the SuperPEX or fitting materials. This would include at least:
 - ⓘ Pipe thread sealing compounds
 - ⓘ Firewall penetration compounds (exception: water soluble gypsum based caulking)
 - ⓘ Petroleum-based materials or sealants such as:
 - Kerosene
 - Benzene
 - Gasoline
 - Solvents
 - Fuel Oils
 - Cutting Oils
 - Acetone
 - Asphaltic Paint
 - Asphaltic Road Materials
 - Toluene Xylene
 - ⓘ Strong chlorine solutions
 - ⓘ Nitric and sulphuric acids
 - ⓘ Ammonia
 - ⓘ Surfactants

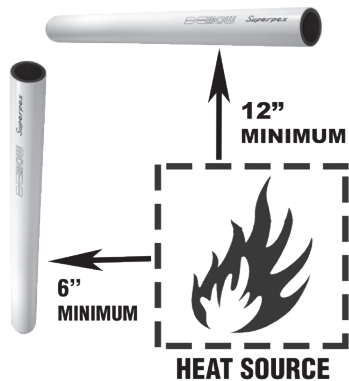
A product absence from this list does not imply or insure chemical compatibility. Always check the product manufacturers recommendation in this regard.

- ⓘ Do not allow direct contact between high concentrations of termiticides or insecticides with PEX pipe. Backfill and cover underground tubing prior to spraying termiticide or insecticide.
- ⓘ Do not place PEX pipe in contaminated soils or other contaminated environments. Situations calling for special scrutiny on a case-by-case basis would include (but not be limited to):
 - ⓘ Tank farms or industrial sites containing chemical or petroleum storage tanks and pipelines where a malfunction or leak would contaminate the surrounding soil.
 - ⓘ Storage ponds or land disposal sites for industrial process water or waste water containing toxic chemicals.
 - ⓘ Solid waste disposal sites.
 - ⓘ An area that has been known to be contaminated by the long-term presence of toxic chemical substances.

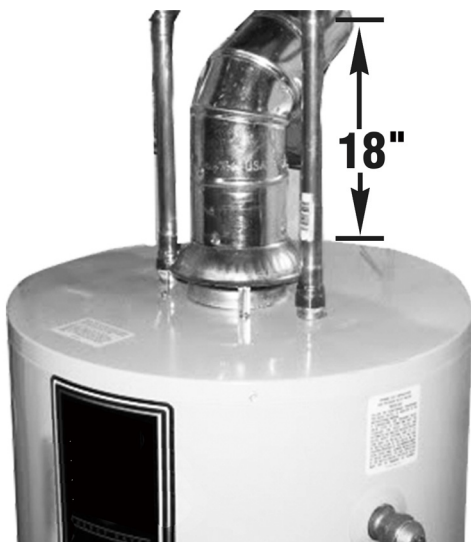
Flexible Pipe Installation Practices

General Installation

- ① Review all limitations on the SuperPEX pipe and fittings system you have selected to use before proceeding.
- ① Keep pipe a minimum of 12" vertically or 6" horizontally from sources of high heat, such as recessed light fixtures, flue gas vents, or heating appliances.

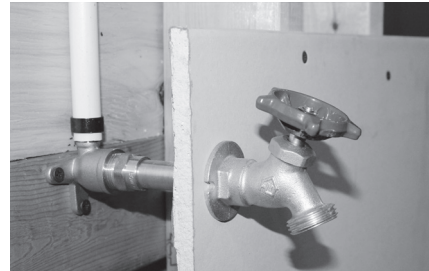


- ① Wavin permits the use of SuperPEX when connected to instantaneous water heaters or other hot water producing devices. However, consult manufacturers recommendations for use with plastic tubing and ensure temperature and pressure do not exceed the maximum ratings of the SuperPEX tubing.
- ① Do not install SuperPEX pipe downstream of any point -or- use water heater or immersed coil heater in a boiler where the output temperature can exceed 180° F or closer than 6 inches upstream.
- ① When connecting to a gas hot water heater, at least 18 inches of a metal nipple or appliance connector should be used so that the SuperPEX pipe cannot be damaged by the build-up of excessive radiant heat from the flue.

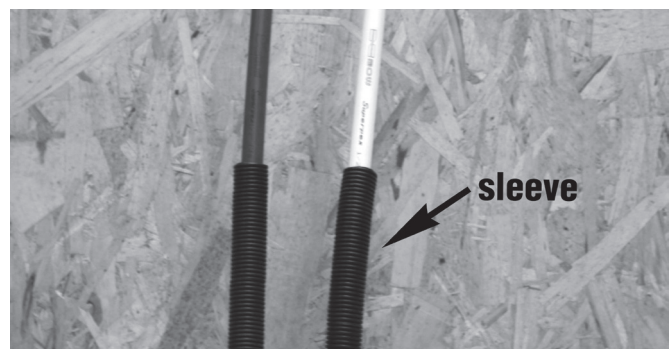


SuperPEX can be piped directly to the heater tapping on an electric hot water heater using metallic termination fittings.

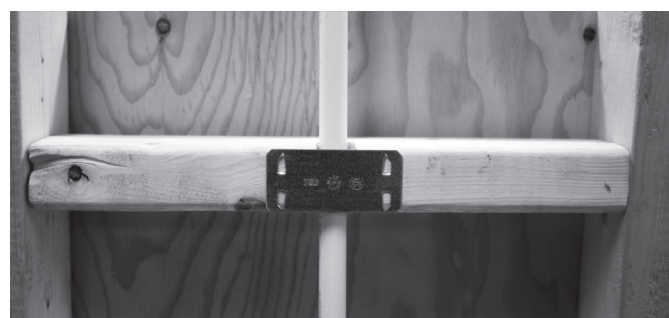
- ① Do not directly connect hose bibbs to SuperPEX tubing. Use a suitable metal fitting, and anchor it to prevent strain on the tubing.



- ① Use only continuous lengths of pipe (no fittings) when installing under or within a slab. Make connections above the slab or in an access box. In poor soil conditions, such as mud, rock, black gumbo, or clay, it is necessary to excavate deeper and use good clean fill or granular fill to smooth the trench bottom. Pipe shall be completely buried by a suitable, easily compacted, backfill material such as sand or pea gravel.



- ① Protect pipe with non-metallic sleeves where it penetrates a slab or foundation.



- ① Protect pipe from nail damage where appropriate.

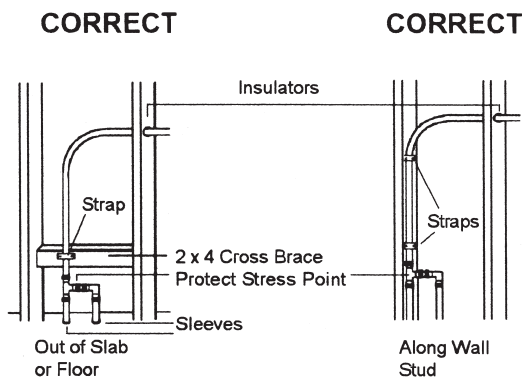
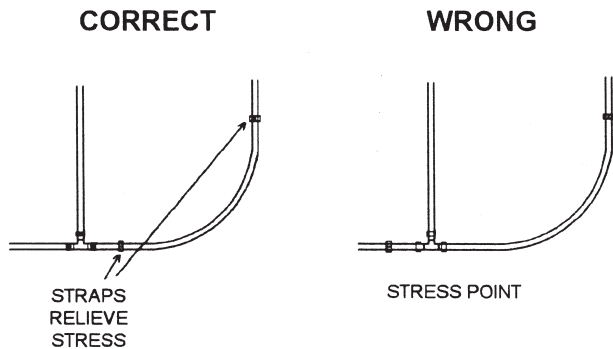
Bending Pipe

SuperPEX pipe may be bent to a minimum bend radius of 6 times the O.D. of the pipe, as shown in the table below.

| Pipe Size (CTS) | Min. Bending Radius |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| 3/8" | 3.0" |
| 1/2" | 3.75" |
| 3/4" | 5.25" |
| 1" | 6.75" |
| 1-1/4" | 8.25" |

Note: If using pipe in coils and bending against the coil direction, the minimum bending radius is 3 times the radius given above, (e.g., 3/8 CTS pipe = $3 \times 3" = 9"$)

When joining, piping must be installed without placing stress on the joint. See illustrations that follow for appropriate methods of stress relieving.



Handling and Storing the Pipe

- ⦿ Do not drag the pipe over rough terrain, rocks, or any surface which can cut, puncture, or excessively abrade the pipe wall.
- ⦿ Do not install kinked pipe.
- ⦿ Inspect all pipe before and after installation. Cut out and replace all damaged sections.
- ⦿ Store pipe under cover prior to installation where it will not be exposed to sunlight.
- ⦿ Do not use fittings unless designed specially for SuperPEX and OXYPEX tubing. Look for "PEX" marking on all fittings and rings.

Pipe Support and Inspection

- ⦿ Plastic hangers and straps are recommended, but metal supports which are designed for use with plastic pipe can be used.
- ⦿ Supports must not pinch or cut into the pipe, and should allow lateral movement.
- ⦿ Supports must not have sharp edges that would result in abrasion during lateral movement.
- ⦿ Inspect all supports prior to installation to ensure that sharp edges do not exist that can damage the pipe.
- ⦿ Never use defective or damaged supports. Replace them.

Support Spacing

- ⦿ Maximum horizontal pipe support spacing is 32".
- ⦿ Vertical pipe shall be supported at every floor and at the mid-floor guide between floors or every 48" in between.

Additional Support

- ⦿ Use protective sleeves or bushings on pipe:
 - ⦿ When penetrating floors.
 - ⦿ At beginning and end of straight runs of piping which penetrate studs or joists.
 - ⦿ At significant changes in direction.
 - ⦿ When penetrating metal studs

Pipe Expansion and Contraction

- ⦿ SuperPEX pipe expands approximately 7.9×10^{-5} in/in°F or about 1" per 100 feet of length for every 10°F temperature rise. Therefore do not pull SuperPEX pipe tight during installation so as to prohibit pipe movement, as this will result in unnecessary stress being placed on fittings and connections when pipe cools and contracts. Allow about 1/8" slack per foot of installed pipe.
- ⦿ Expansion can usually be accommodated by pipe's flexibility for sizes up to and including 1" diameter pipe. Expansion loops or offsets may be used if needed depending on installation and size needed.

Connection (Transition) to other Materials

- ⦿ Using lead free solder, join copper piping transition fittings onto the copper pipe and allow to cool before connecting to PEX pipe. Otherwise the heat may damage the PEX pipe.
- ⦿ When making connection to CPVC pipe or fittings, use only approved mechanical joints.
- ⦿ Do not apply lubricants, pipe dope, or any chemical to an insert fitting.

Hydrostatic Testing and Inspection of the Completed system

- ⦿ Test all installations with ambient temperature potable water.
- ⦿ A test pressure should be at least 40 psi, but not greater than 200 psi at 73°F.
- ⦿ A test duration shall be 15 minutes minimum.
- ⦿ For test pressures above 160 psi, do not test for more than 2 hours.
- ⦿ Do not use soap or detergent solutions for leak detection.
- ⦿ Air testing shall be permitted only when water is not available or when cold weather could freeze the system. Under this circumstance, test the system to a maximum of 100 psi for 15 minutes. The pressure shall not drop more than 8 psi during the 15 minute period. A loss of pressure during air test is due to deformation of the pipe followed by slow expansion.

Air tests shall include appropriate safety precautions such as:

- ⦿ Conduct test overnight or on weekends, when job attendance is minimized.
- ⦿ Personnel should wear eye protection.
- ⦿ Warning Signs.
- ⦿ Protect pipe in areas where impact could occur while an air-test is in progress.

Freezing and Thawing Pipe Systems

- ⦿ SuperPEX pipe systems should never be intentionally subjected to freezing. Freeze protection is a basic element for good plumbing and is a code requirement.
- ⦿ Do not use open flame or excessive heat to thaw SuperPEX pipe. Pipe failure or damage are likely results.
- ⦿ Several suitable methods exist to thaw SuperPEX pipe. They are listed below.
 - ⦿ Commercial system which pumps heated water through a tube to the ice blockage, and returns the cooled water for reheating
 - ⦿ Wet hot towels
 - ⦿ Hot water
 - ⦿ Hand-held hair dryer
 - ⦿ Low wattage electrical heating tape

Insert Fitting System with Crimp Rings

Making a Connection

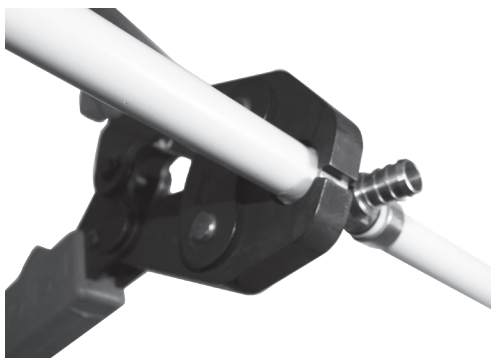
- ① Ensure that fittings and rings to be used are identified as being for use with PEX tubing.
- ② Cut tubing squarely, remove burrs, and slip the crimp ring on the tube.



- ③ Insert a PEX fitting into tube up to the fitting shoulder and position the crimp ring 1/8" to 1/4" from end of pipe. To prevent ring from moving, squeeze the ring slightly with your fingers or a pair of pliers.



- ④ Center the crimping tool exactly over the ring, and keeping both the ring and the tool square with the tube, close the tool completely.



- ⑤ Check each crimped ring with the proper gauge. Slip gauge squarely over the crimped ring. Check in at least two positions. The "GO" portion of the gauge should slip over the ring. If not, the ring is under crimped. For gauges with "NO-GO" dimensions, the "NO-GO" gauge should not slip over the ring.



- ⑥ Joints that do not pass the gauge check must be cut out and replaced. DO NOT RECRIMP (Double Crimp) THE SAME FITTING.

Incorrect Connection

The following are some examples of improper connections that may result in improper sealing and potential for leaks.

- ① Ring crimped over the end of tube.
- ② Tool not fully closed or ring not fully covered.
- ③ Tool not centered on ring.
- ④ Tube not cut squarely.
- ⑤ Ring too far from tube end.

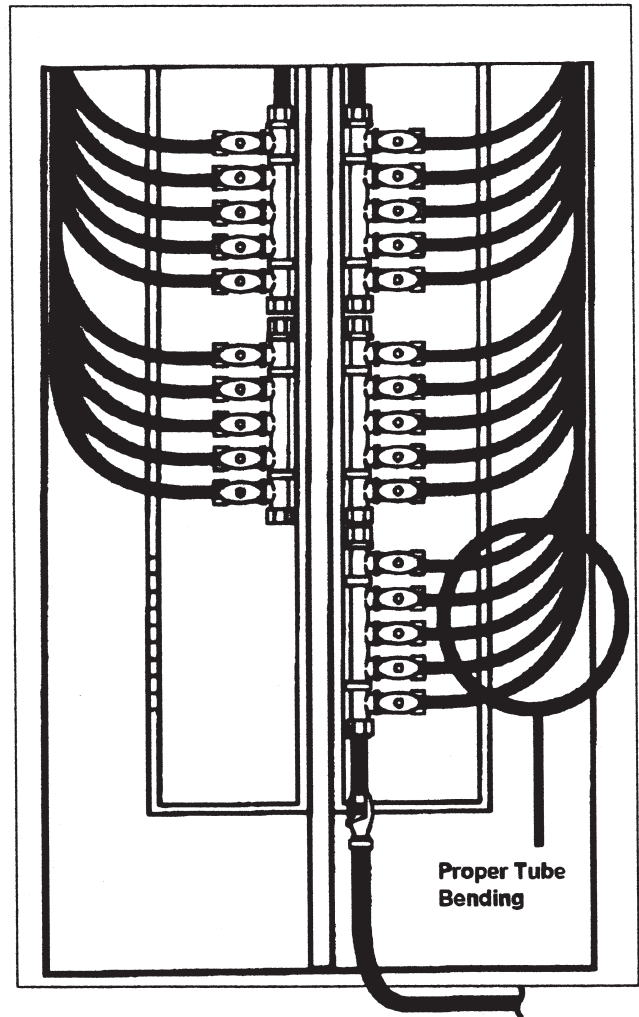
Tools and Rings

- ① Use tools available from Wavin. All tools must make a full-circle crimp.
- ② Check tool adjustment daily, and readjust as necessary.
- ③ Use only copper crimp rings intended for PEX.

Manifold Plumbing System

The following information applies to the Multi-flex Manifold system in addition to the general limitations and installation information on SuperPEX pipe and fittings in this manual:

- ② Tubing shall be run continuously and as directly as possible between fixture and manifold locations.
- ② Tubing shall not be pulled tight. Leave slack to allow for expansion and contraction.
- ② Install tubing cautiously to avoid bending, kinking or abrasions of pipe.
- ② Leave excess tubing at the beginning and end of runs for connection to fixtures and manifolds.
- ② When running lines to a group of fixtures, they may be bundled together, but must be bundled loosely enough to allow individual pipe movement. Bundle hot and cold waterlines separately. Plastic ties may be used. Do not use tape when bundling pipe.
- ② When bundled lines pass through conventional structural members, cut hole at centerline of member. Consult code for maximum size hole permitted.
- ② Identify and permanently mark all lines at manifold for ease of installation, testing, and repair.



Technical Data

DIMENSIONS OF PEX SDR 9 PLUMBING PIPE

| Size (Nom.) | O.D. (in.) | I.D. (in.) | Wall Thickness (in.) |
|-------------|------------|------------|----------------------|
| 1/4 | 0.375 | 0.225 | 0.070 |
| 3/8 | 0.500 | 0.350 | 0.070 |
| 1/2 | 0.625 | 0.475 | 0.070 |
| 3/4 | 0.875 | 0.671 | 0.097 |
| 1 | 1.125 | 0.862 | 0.125 |
| 1-1/4 | 1.375 | 1.054 | 0.153 |

WEIGHTS AND CAPACITIES OF PLUMBING PIPE (PER 100 FEET)

| Size (Nom.) | Wt. empty (lbs.) | Wt. full (lbs.) | Capacity (U.S. gal) |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1/4 | 2.93 | 4.7 | 0.21 |
| 3/8 | 4.20 | 8.4 | 0.50 |
| 1/2 | 5.35 | 13.0 | 0.92 |
| 3/4 | 10.23 | 25.6 | 1.84 |
| 1 | 16.89 | 42.2 | 3.04 |
| 1-1/4 | 25.13 | 63 | 4.53 |

METAL INSERT FITTINGS EQUIVALENT LENGTHS

| Fitting Equivalent Length of Pipe (ft.) | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Type of Fitting | 3/8" Size | 1/2" Size | 3/4" Size | 1" Size |
| Coupling | 2.9 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| Adapter | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Elbow 90 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 10.0 |
| Tee-Branch | 9.4 | 10.4 | 8.9 | 11.0 |
| Tee-Run | 2.9 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.3 |

POLYALLOY INSERT FITTINGS EQUIVALENT LENGTHS

| Fitting Equivalent Length of Pipe (ft.) | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Type of Fitting | 1/2" Size | 3/4" Size | 1" Size |
| Coupling | 7.1 | 4.8 | 4.5 |
| Elbow 90 | 16.5 | 17.4 | 18.0 |
| Tee-Branch | 17.9 | 17.7 | 17.0 |
| Tee-Run | 7.2 | 6.6 | 6.0 |

Hydraulic Performance & Friction Losses

| Tubing Flow Rate (USGPM) | 3/8" | | 1/2" | | 3/4" | | 1" | | 1-1/4" | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| | Velocity (ft/s) | F. Loss (psi/100 ft) | Velocity (ft/s) | F. Loss (psi/100 ft) | Velocity (ft/s) | F. Loss (psi/100 ft) | Velocity (ft/s) | F. Loss (psi/100 ft) | Velocity (ft/s) | F. Loss (psi/100 ft) |
| 1 | 3.33 | 7.0 | 1.81 | 1.6 | 0.96 | 0.3 | 0.55 | 0.1 | | |
| 2 | 6.67 | 25.4 | 3.62 | 5.8 | 1.81 | 1.1 | 1.10 | 0.3 | | |
| 3 | 10.00 | 53.9 | 5.43 | 12.2 | 2.72 | 2.3 | 1.65 | 0.7 | 1.10 | 0.3 |
| 4 | | | 7.24 | 20.8 | 3.63 | 3.9 | 2.19 | 1.1 | 1.47 | 0.4 |
| 5 | | | 9.05 | 31.4 | 4.54 | 5.9 | 2.74 | 1.7 | 1.84 | 0.7 |
| 6 | | | 10.86 | 44.0 | 5.44 | 8.2 | 3.29 | 2.4 | 2.21 | 0.9 |
| 7 | | | | | 6.35 | 10.9 | 3.84 | 3.2 | 2.57 | 1.2 |
| 8 | | | | | 7.26 | 14.0 | 4.39 | 4.1 | 2.94 | 1.5 |
| 9 | | | | | 8.17 | 17.4 | 4.94 | 5.1 | 3.31 | 1.9 |
| 10 | | | | | 9.07 | 21.1 | 5.48 | 6.2 | 3.68 | 2.3 |
| 11 | | | | | 9.98 | 25.2 | 6.03 | 7.4 | 4.05 | 2.8 |
| 12 | | PEX SDR 9 Tubing | | | 10.89 | 29.6 | 6.58 | 8.7 | 4.41 | 3.3 |
| 13 | | | | | | | 7.13 | 10.1 | 4.78 | 3.8 |
| 14 | | | | | | | 7.68 | 11.6 | 5.15 | 4.4 |
| 15 | | | | | | | 8.23 | 13.2 | 5.52 | 5.0 |
| 16 | | | | | | | 8.78 | 14.8 | 5.88 | 5.6 |
| 17 | | | | | | | 9.33 | 16.5 | 6.25 | 6.2 |
| 18 | | | | | | | 9.87 | 18.3 | 6.62 | 6.9 |
| 19 | | | | | | | 10.42 | 20.3 | 6.99 | 7.7 |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | 7.36 | 8.4 |
| 21 | | | | | | | | | 7.72 | 9.2 |
| 22 | | | | | | | | | 8.09 | 10.0 |
| 23 | | | | | | | | 8.46 | 10.9 | |
| 24 | | | | | | | | 8.83 | 11.8 | |
| 25 | | | | | | | | 9.19 | 12.7 | |
| 26 | | | | | | | | 9.56 | 13.7 | |
| 27 | | | | | | | | 9.93 | 14.7 | |
| 28 | | | | | | | | 10.30 | 15.7 | |

Pressure Ratings

SuperPEX and OXYPEX carry the following pressure ratings:

100 psi @ 180°F

160 psi @ 73°F

Miscellaneous Data

Formula

Hazen Williams (Pressure Loss)

$$F = 4.52 \frac{Q^{1.85}}{C^{1.85} \cdot d^{4.87}}$$

Where

F = Friction loss (psi/ft)

Q = Flow rate [gal (U.S.) / min]

C = Hazen Williams friction factor (150 for PEX)

d = tube inside diameter (inches)

Capacities

Heat capacity of water (approximate)

1 Btu / lb. • °F [500 Btu / gal (U.S.) °F]

Conversions

1 inch = 2.54 cm = 25.4 mm

1 foot = .305 m

1 lb. = 454 g

1 psi = 6.89 kPa = 2.31ftH₂O

1 Btu/hr = .293 W

1 gal (U.S.) = .832 gal (Imp) = 3.79 L

Thermal Conductivity

2.9 Btu • in/hr. ft² • °F

Chlorinated Potable Water.

80 psi @ 140°F

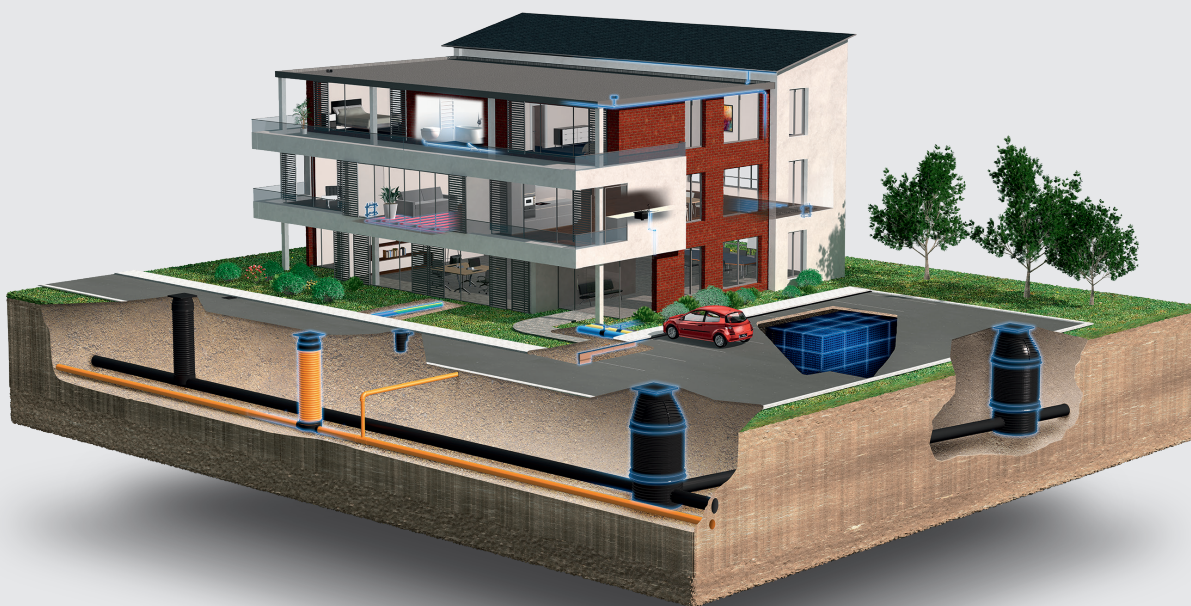
Appendix A

SuperPEX Systems Conform to the Following:

- ④ National Plumbing Code of Canada
- ④ International Residential Code
- ④ Uniform Plumbing Code
- ④ National Standards Plumbing Code
- ④ ASTM F876, F877, F1807, F2159
- ④ NSF 14 SuperPEX Tubing bears the NSF-pw, cNSF-pw or the condensed cNFSus-pw marks
- ④ CSA B137.5

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Wavin 950 Winter Street, South Entrance 1st Floor, Waltham, MA 02451, United States | 5700 Côte de Liesse Montréal, QC H4T 1B1
Phone CAN 514-735-7585 / 1800-561-1169 | US 514-735-3632 / 1800-763-3632 | E-mail wavin.northamerica@wavin.com | wavin.us

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